Silicone Breast Implants and Breastfeeding

The information provided is taken from various reference sources. It is provided as a guideline. No responsibility can be taken by the author or the Breastfeeding Network for the way in which the information is used. Clinical decisions remain the responsibility of medical and breastfeeding practitioners. The data presented here is intended to provide some immediate information but cannot replace input from professionals.

Concerns have been raised by some mothers who have had Poly Implant Prosthese (PIP) implants in their breasts and are now breastfeeding or pregnant and planning to breastfeed.

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“Silicone transfer to breastmilk has been studied in one group of 15 lactating mothers with bilateral silicone breast implants.[3] Silicon levels were measured in breastmilk, whole blood, cow’s milk, and 26 brands of infant formula. Comparing implanted women to controls, mean silicon levels were not significantly different in breastmilk or in blood Mean silicon level measured in store-bought cow’s milk was 708.94 ng/mL and that for 26 brands of commercially available infant formula was 4402.5 ng/mL (ng/mL= parts per billion). The authors concluded that lactating women with silicone implants are similar to control women with respect to levels of silicon in their breastmilk and blood. From these studies, silicon levels are 10 times higher in cow’s milk and even higher in infant formulas. It is not known for certain if ingestion of leaking silicone by a nursing infant is dangerous.

Although one article has been published showing oesophageal strictures, it has subsequently been recalled by the author.

To speak to a Breastfeeding Supporter call the National Breastfeeding Helpline 0300 100 0212

Calls to 0300 numbers cost no more than calls to UK numbers starting 01 and 02 and will be part of any inclusive minutes that apply to your provider and call package

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Silicone by nature is extremely inert and is unlikely to be absorbed in the GI tract by a nursing infant although good studies are lacking. Silicone is a ubiquitous substance, found in all foods, liquids, etc.”

Taken from “Hale T Medications in Mothers Milk Online version accessed August 2014”

For further information mothers should be advised to consult their GP and surgeon for individual discussion [4]

References


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